



# Bio-LNG :a clean and cool biofuel for ships

## Content of this Presentation

- What is bio-LNG?
- How do you make LNG and bio-LNG?
- Emissions
- Biogas production
- Upgrading to bio-methane
- How much bio-methane can we produce?
- Small scale liquefaction of bio-methane
- Costs of the process
- LNG as a transport fuel : cases and pilots – Why not using bio-LNG?
- Benefits: not only reducing the emissions
- Examples of LNG use (in the shipping sector)
- Are there differences in use of bio-LNG instead of LNG?
- Projects and pilots
- Are you interested?



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel for ships

## What is bio-LNG?

Bio-LNG has the same chemical formula as liquefied natural gas (LNG).

It is almost 100% of  $\text{CH}_4$ ; it is also called liquefied bio-methane: LBM

## The differences between fossil LNG and bio-LNG

Bio-LNG is a 100% renewable bio fuel, LNG is a fossil fuel

The production process of Bio-LNG is cleaner than that of LNG

Bio-LNG can be made from biogas at any spot where anaerobic digestion is possible

## The difference between bio-LNG and other biofuels

Bio-LNG can be produced without competition with the food chain

Bio-LNG does not need blending in fossil fuels



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel for ships

## An obvious difference between bio-LNG and most other fuels

The convenient truth is that:

“There is no need for any interference in the bio-LNG chain of one of the oil companies”

Any farmer, village and city can make their own clean and cool liquid transportation fuel which bio-LNG is, by simply digesting its waste, with help of dedicated partners (sufficient volume) to create and optimize the chain from production to (end) users.



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel for ships

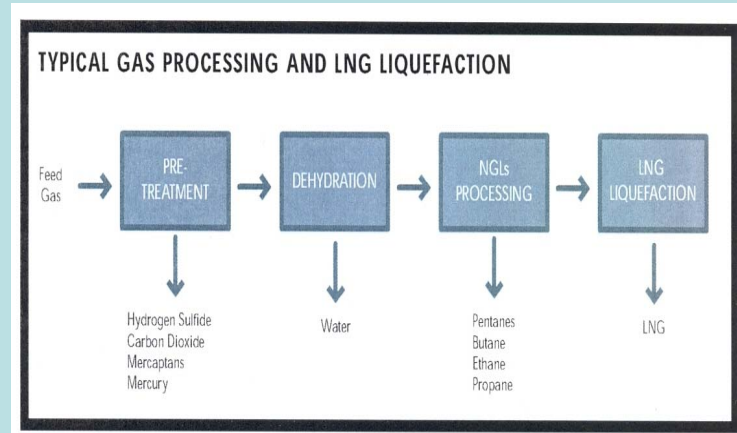
## How to make LNG:

Cleaning of heavy gasses

Nitrogen, water,

Carbon dioxide

Liquefaction



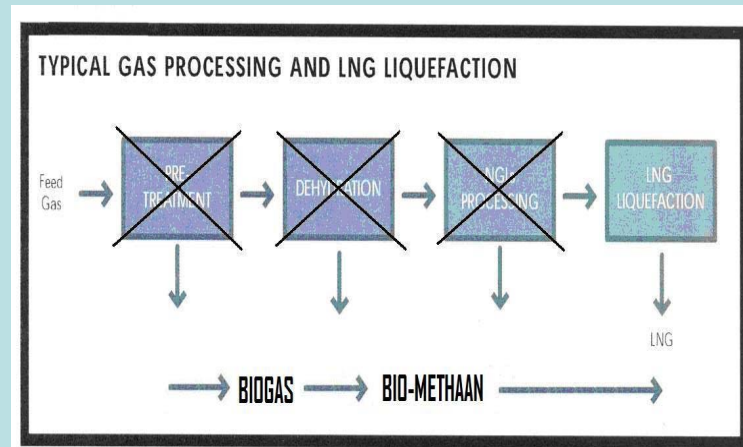
Source: <http://www.enerdynamics.com/clientassets/LNGsection3.pdf>

## How to make bio-LNG:

Upgrading of biogas

Liquefaction

No ethane, propane, N2 etc



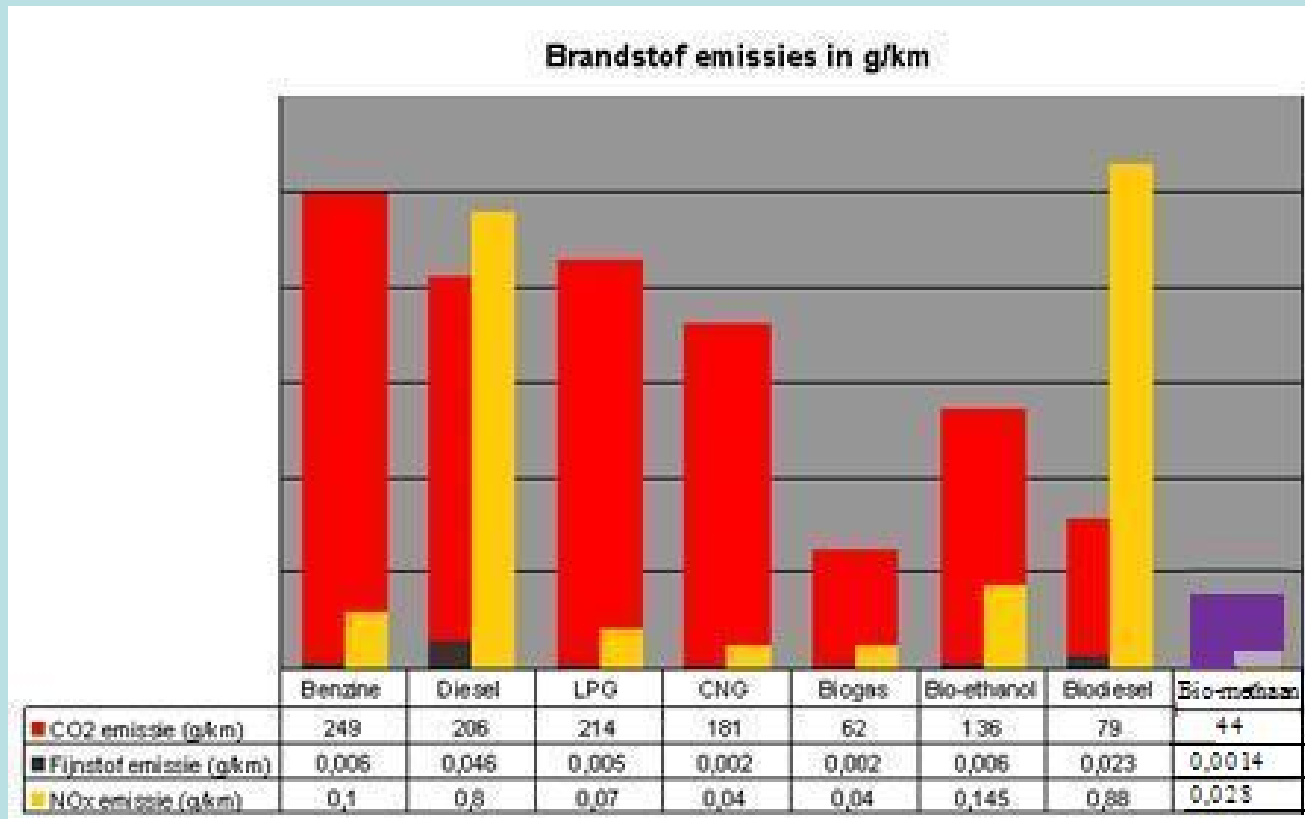
Source: <http://www.enerdynamics.com/clientassets/LNGsection3.pdf>

(modified by HIT)



# Bio-LNG : a clean and cool biofuel

Comparison of emissions of bio-methane (= bio-LNG) with other biofuels, LPG and CNG

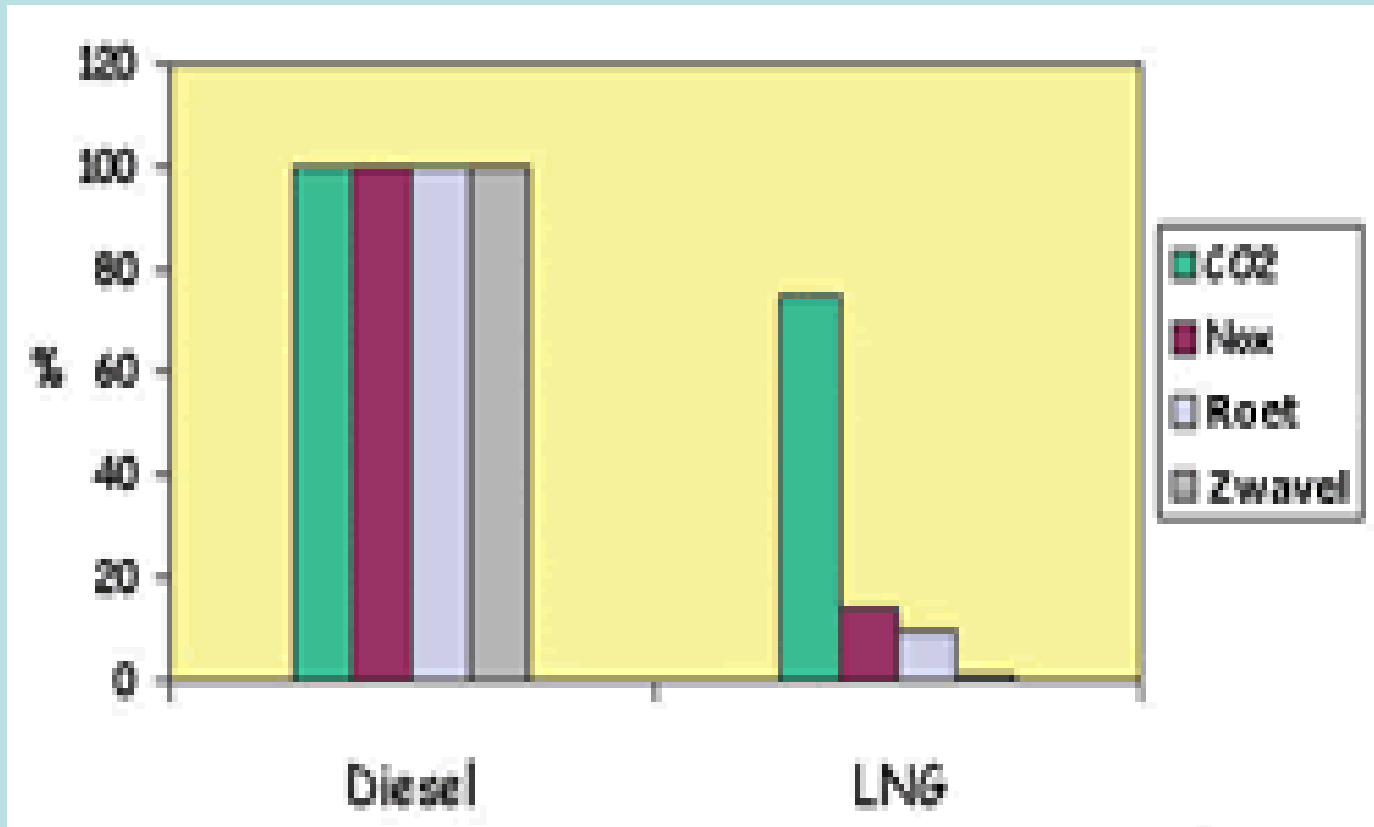


Source: [www.fuelswitch.nl](http://www.fuelswitch.nl) and Holland Innovation Team



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

## Comparison of emissions between Marine Diesel and LNG



Source: [www.energieprojecten.nl/pr\\_lngfjorden.html](http://www.energieprojecten.nl/pr_lngfjorden.html)



## Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

### How can we produce the first step in the process: biogas?

Start with anaerobic fermentation, i.e. fermentation with a lack of oxygen and produce **biogas**

Biogas is 55-65%  $\text{CH}_4$  ; 35%-45%  $\text{CO}_2$  ; some  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$  and other gasses

Biogas is nothing more than young swamp gas or extra young natural gas

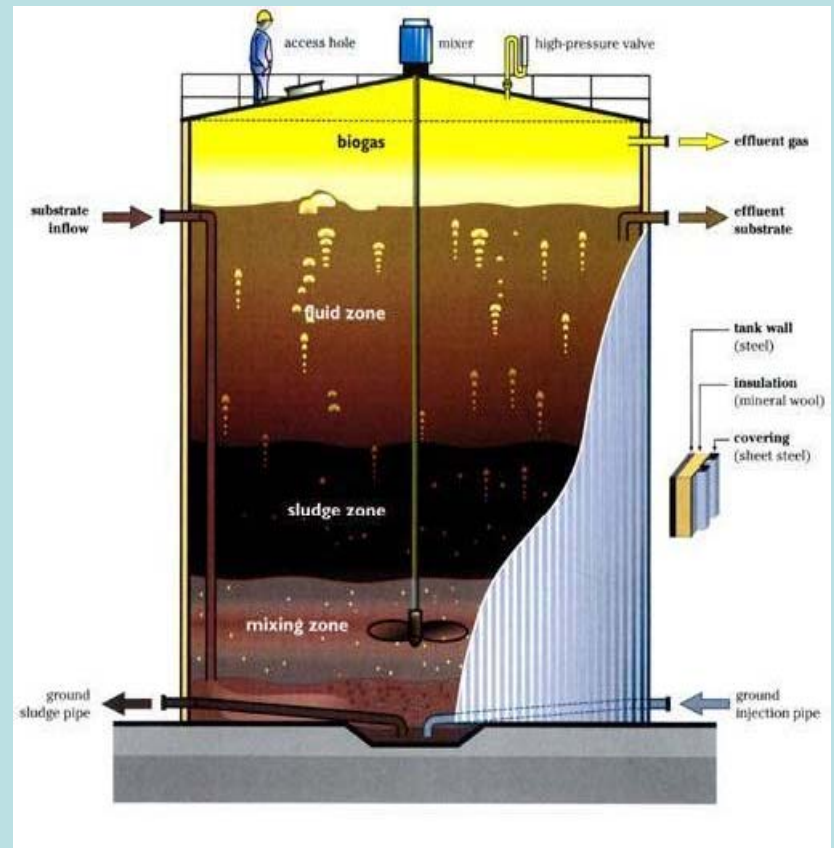
Biogas can be produced from a large variety of streams:



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel!

## Biogas production is possible:

- 1) From sewage sludge
- 2) From bio fuels waste
- 3) From household and food waste
- 4) From agricultural streams
- 5) From manure
- 6) From landfills
- 7) From wood/paper industry  
all without competition with food
- 8) From crops (if prices are low)

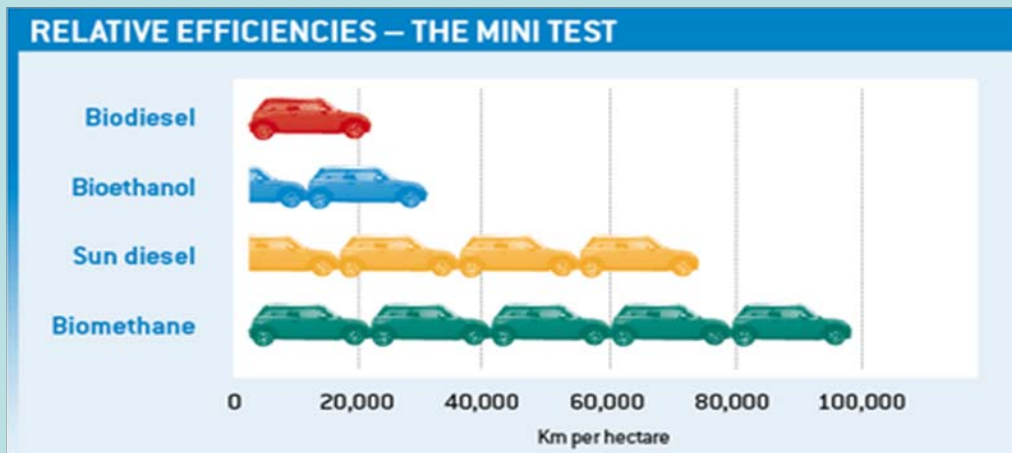


Source: Dr. Steve Hutcheson, PhD (pdf)



## Bio-LNG: a cool biofuel

Of course biogas can be made from crops; biogas yield per ha is much higher than the other biofuels in that case



Source: <http://www.biopact.com/2007/12/biomethane-presented-as-most-efficient.html>

Conversion of crops to biogas is 70% instead of 40% in case of bio-ethanol  
Low energy input needed in the process



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

**Upgrading of biogas to bio-methane is possible by several different techniques**

Pressure Swing Adsorption

Membrane Separation Technology

Cryogenic Separation

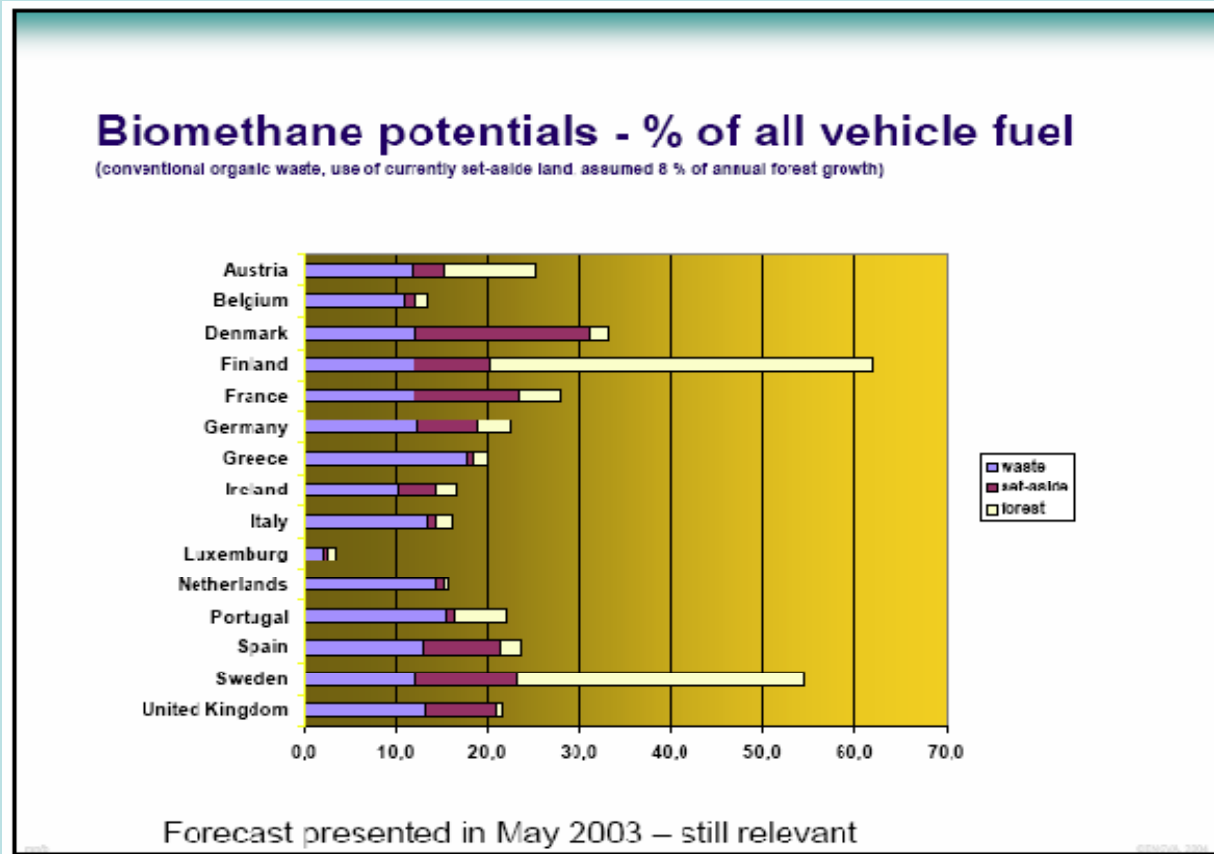
And others

Costs are less than 5% of the energy of the gas itself and with smart solutions only will cost a few cents per cubic meter of bio-methane produced



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

Which are the potentials, how much is there?



Source: <http://ecocomplex.rutgers.edu/PeterBoisen.pdf>

The Eu Agrobiogas project announces 40% higher yield after 1 year of study (2008)



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

## Small scale Liquefaction of bio-methane to bio-LNG

It is not true that liquefaction needs large plants and investments

Small Scale Liquefaction Plants: growing market; costs p/l are marginal



Source: Ineel Technology 2004



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

## Costs of the process

Costs of biogas production 10-30 Euro cts per Nm<sup>3</sup> (depends upon feedstock costs)

Costs of bio-methane upgrading < 5 cts per Nm<sup>3</sup> bio-methane

Costs of liquefaction < 5 cts for one liter bio- LNG. Cheaper than natural gas

## Comparison of fuels

Calorific value of 1 liter of bio-LNG 21 MJoule

Calorific value of 1 liter of bio-ethanol 21 MJoule

Calorific value of 1 liter of diesel 35 MJoule

## Comparison of fuel prices (no tax, no VAT, excluding logistics and fuelling stations, if necessary)

Costs of one liter of bio-ethanol 64 ct, 1 ton 800 Euro, Heating Value 26GJ.

Costs of one liter of bio-LNG 32 cts, 1 ton 760 Euro, Heating Value 50GJ



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

## Why is bio-LNG better than second generation biofuels?

There is natural gas, there is swamp gas and there is gas from cows, there is an enormous quantity of bacteria that can rot, and produce bio-methane.

There are only a few that can convert ligno cellulose into bio-ethanol which needs input of much energy with high emissions during the conversion process.

Biodiesel gives rise to much more emissions and pollution than bio-LNG

Even BTL (biomass to liquids) generates pollution in the production process



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

**LNG** : more and more used as a transport fuel

Boron, CA Plant

Opens Fall 2008

\$70 Million  
Investment

160,000 gal/day

Expanding to  
240,000 gal/day  
at end of 2009

1.5 Million  
Gallons Storage





# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

## LNG as a transport fuel:



Source: <http://www.nonox-bv.com/products.php>

Harbour trucks: Los Angeles  
Taxi's: China  
Trucks: UK, Australia, China  
Brazil, Sweden and others

### Benefits

Less noise, less pollution,  
more cargo possible

But there is more especially in  
Ports:

Cold ironing, aggregates  
Forklift trucks in closed  
spaces, which all contribute  
to more sustainable transport<sup>16</sup>



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel



Source: Photo Courtesy of PG&E

The first-ever mobile LNG cold ironing test was recently conducted with the APL China at the Port of Oakland. PG&E supplied the LNG equipment and technical expertise.



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

LNG as a transport fuel for ships:



Gasnor (Norway) is leading in this European project,

Germany, Poland and Baltic states participate

The project Magolog declared in 2006:

***Within 5-10 years all short sea shipping will use LNG as a fuel***

Now 13 ships in Norway use LNG, most of them ferries



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

LNG-fuelled off-shore supplier (Norway)

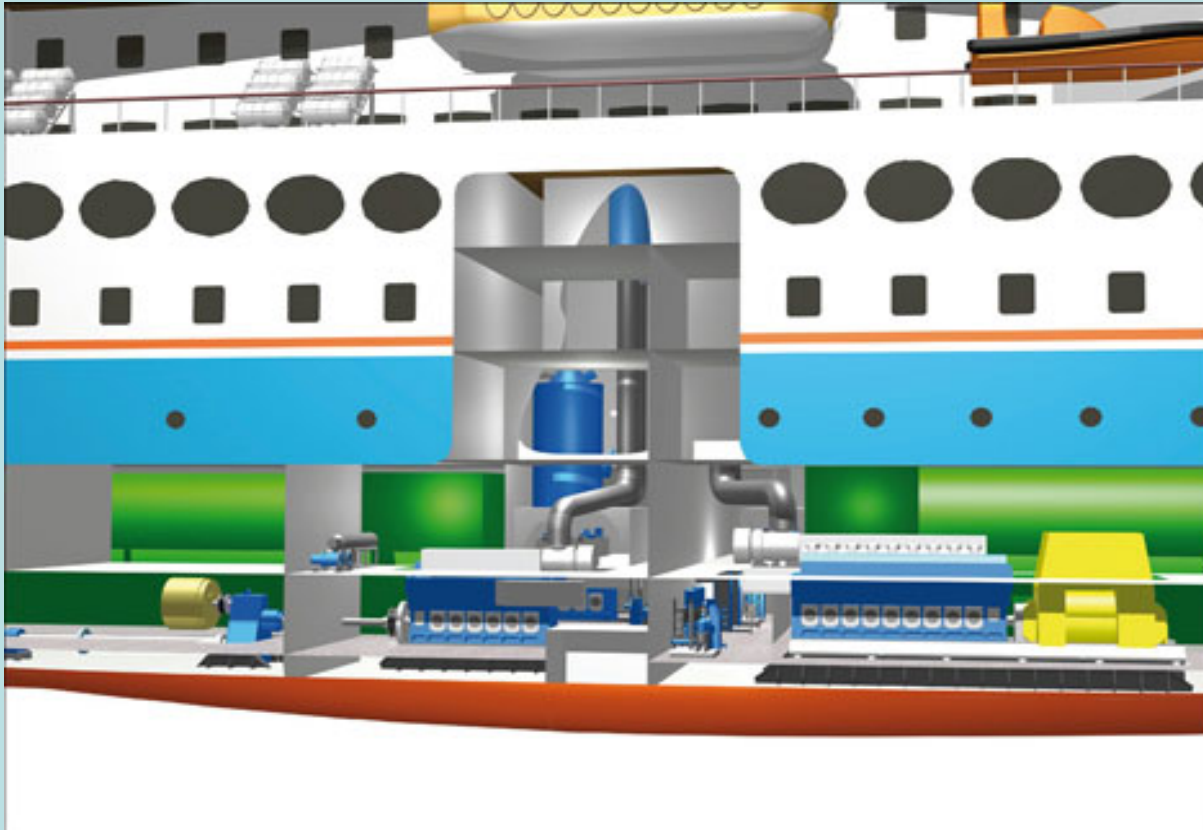


Source: <http://www.ship-technology.com/projects/viking>



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

## LNG as a transport fuel for ships: storage



Source: <http://www.worldcruise-network.com/features/feature687-1.html>

LNG is stored in cylindrical, double walled insulated stainless steel tanks. Total weight is approximately 1,5 times heavier than MDO with tanks.



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

## LNG as a transport fuel : engines

Wärtsilä, Rolls Royce,  
Mercedes, Westport Cummings  
Caterpillar, Iveco and?



**No difference in use/handling  
between LNG and bio-LNG:**

Bio-LNG can be mixed with good quality LNG

Needs good storage optimization **as LNG:**





# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

## Future plans with shipping

### Norway:

All future ferries will use LNG

Small scale liquefaction plants are installed:

LNG tankers sail upon boil off of the LNG shipped

### Netherlands:

The Rotterdam based company: Anthony Veder will use LNG as a fuel,

Likes to look at the possibility to use bio-LNG

Several projects will investigate inland navigation on bio-LNG

The Dutch power company Essent looks at SSL of bio-methane to bio-LNG, and takes care of logistics and contract with end users.





## Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

### When will it be economically viable to use bio-LNG?

#### Costs of one ton of MGO, R'dam,

Aug 2008: 700 €; Heating Value 44 GJ in bio-LNG equivalent € 790

Oct 2008: 550 € Heating Value 44 GJ in bio-LNG equivalent € 620

Calorific value of 1 liter of marine gas oil (MGO) 37-39 MJoule, bio-LNG 21 MJoule

**1 ton bio-LNG will cost < €760 (exclusive TAX and VAT)**

#### Where will bio-LNG be available?

At large LNG terminals, where it can be mixed with good LNG

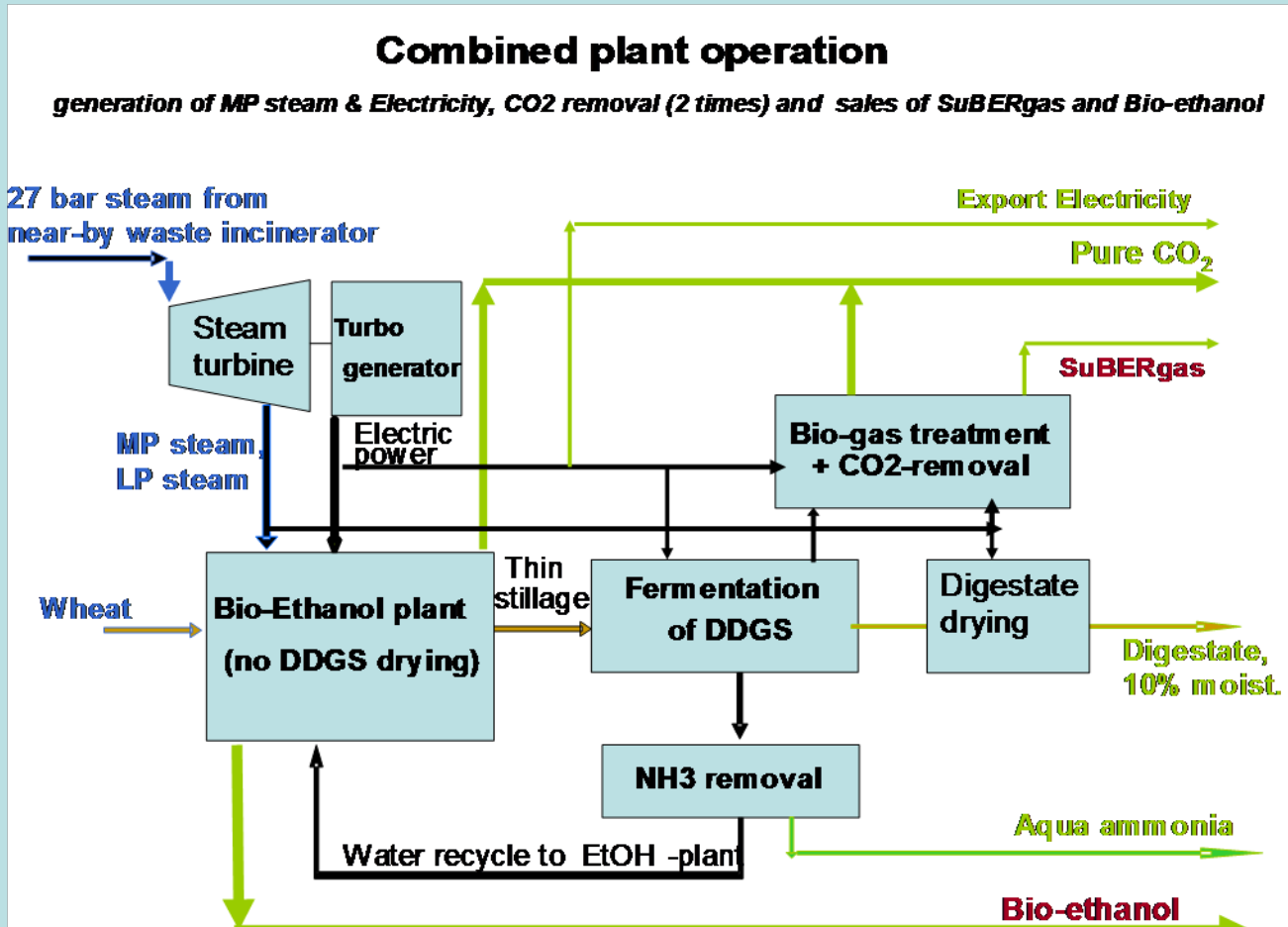
At individual bunker stations from landfills and digesters at close distance from Ports

From the waste of large biofuel plants operating in Ports



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

## A possible project: bio-LNG from bio-ethanol waste



Source: <http://www.ber-rotterdam.com>



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

## Possible projects

### Hamworthy Biogas - LNG

BER, Rotterdam, Holland – Models

\*based on 365 days/year

- ▶ Model 1: Birds view Snurrevarden, Norway



Compressor, expander,  
coldbox, air-coolers,  
nitrogen production,  
nitrogen storage

5  
Update: May 2008





# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

## Bio-LNG from bio-ethanol waste

Bio-methane of BER (SuBERgas) can be converted into bio-LNG

50 million Nm<sup>3</sup> 99% bio-methane can be converted into:

75 plus million liters of bio-LNG (over 30.000 tons) annually

### Status:

Strongly opposed by current players: delayed?

Needs new innovative players



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

## How to continue?

Does it make sense to establish a consortium,

To start pilots and real projects, optimizing technology and logistics

To establish infrastructure with storage, fuel and bunkering stations,

Looking at automotive, inland navigation and short sea

To develop further technology, establish innovative combinations

**We think it makes sense**



# Bio-LNG: a clean and cool biofuel

to develop a clean and 100% renewable independent fuel chain, which can compete in price with existing fuel chains, with no interference with food, with no emissions



Source: <http://www.anthonyveder.com>

during the production process, with even a carbon negative impact in the world, which will make transportation (also by ships) clean business, namely a chain of:



# Bio-LNG



a clean



and cool bio fuel

Source: <http://www.anthonyveder.com>

Thank you for your attention  
[www.hollandinnovationteam.nl](http://www.hollandinnovationteam.nl)



Source: <http://www.gasrec.com>